



IMG-4312(+)-MN Series

IEEE 802.11 b/g/n Cellular Router

User Manual

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Getting Started

1.1 About the IMG-4312(+)-MN

The IMG-4312(+)-MN is a reliable IEEE 802.11 b/g/n WLAN VPN router with two 10/100Base-T(X) ports where one is for LAN and the other one for WAN. It supports 802.1X and MAC filter for security control and can be operate in three routing modes: Dynamic/Static IP Route, PPPoE Authentication, and Modem Dial-up. In the mode of Modem Dial-up, it supports NB-IoT modem via the internal NB-IoT module. You can set up a WLAN environment that fulfills demands of various applications by dialing up cellular modems. In addition, the WAN port of IMG-4312+-MN is P.D.-enabled which is fully compliant with IEEE802.3af PoE specification. This feature extends the layout up to 100 meters.

1.2 Software Features

- High speed air connectivity: WLAN interface supports up to 150Mbps link speed.
- HNAT support for enhanced LAN-to-WAN routing performance
- Supports multiple security methods for higher security: WEP/WPA/WPA-PSK(TKIP,AES)/WPA2/WPA2-PSK(TKIP,AES)/802.1X authentication
- Secure management by HTTPS
- Multiple WAN connection types supported: Dynamic/Static IP, PPPoE, Modem/Dial-up
- IP table to prevent access from unauthorized IP address
- Supports NAT setting (virtual server, port trigger, DMZ, and UPnP)
- Versatile modes & event alarm by e-mail
- Event warning by Syslog, e-mail, SNMP trap, relay output, and beeper

1.3 Hardware Features

- 2 x 10/100Base-T(X) Ethernet ports for WAN / LAN connection individually.
- 1 x SIM card slot
- NB-IoT modem included
- 1KV isolation for PoE P.D. port (IMG-4312+-MN)
- 1 x RS-232/422/485 serial ports
- Dual DC inputs
- Operating temperature: -10 to 60°C
- Storage temperature: -40 to 85°C
- Operating humidity: 5% to 95%, non-condensing

- DIN-Rail and Wall-mount enabled
- Casing: IP-30
- Dimensions: 45(W)x80.6(D)x95(H) mm

1.4 Conditions of Safe use

Special Conditions of Use

- The equipment shall be installed in an enclosure that provides a degree of protection not less than IP 54 in accordance with EN 60079-15 and accessible only by the use of a tool
- Subject devices are for use in an area of not more than pollution degree 2 in accordance with EN 60664-1
- Transient protection shall be provided that is set at a level not exceeding 140 % of the peak rated voltage value at the supply terminals to the equipment
- This equipment is open-type device that is to be installed in an enclosure only accessible with the use of a tool, suitable for the environment
- This equipment is suitable for use in Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, and D or non-hazardous locations only
- **WARNING - EXPLOSION HAZARD** – Do not disconnect equipment unless power has been removed or the area is known to be non-hazardous

Hardware Overview

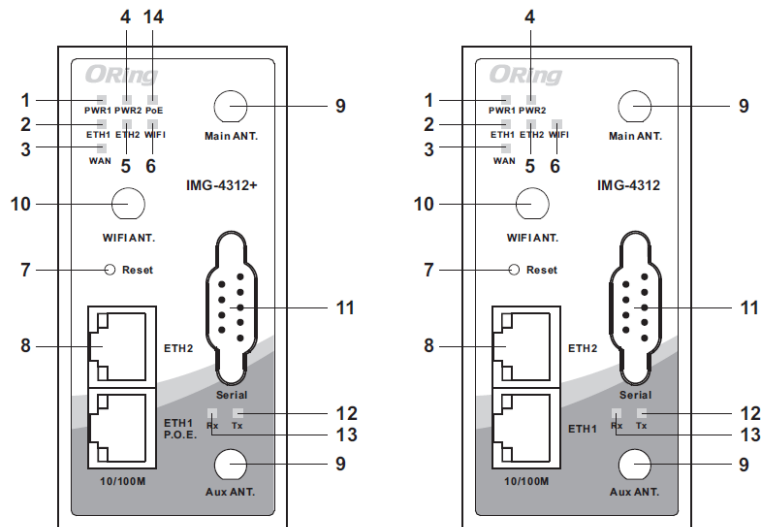
2.1 Front Panel

2.1.1 Ports and Connectors

The router is equipped with the following ports and features on the front panel.

Port	Description
10/100Base-T(X) Fast Ethernet Ports	10/100Base-T(X) RJ-45 fast Ethernet ports supporting auto-negotiation. Default setting including Speed: auto Duplex: auto ETH1 (LAN port) of the IMG-4312+-MN is compliant with IEEE802.3af PoE standard and can be connected to PoE switches.*
ANT.	1 x reversed SMA connector for WiFi antenna and 2 x SMA connector for cellular antenna.

*Note: For PoE Ethernet switch options, please refer to information on the ORing IPS series.



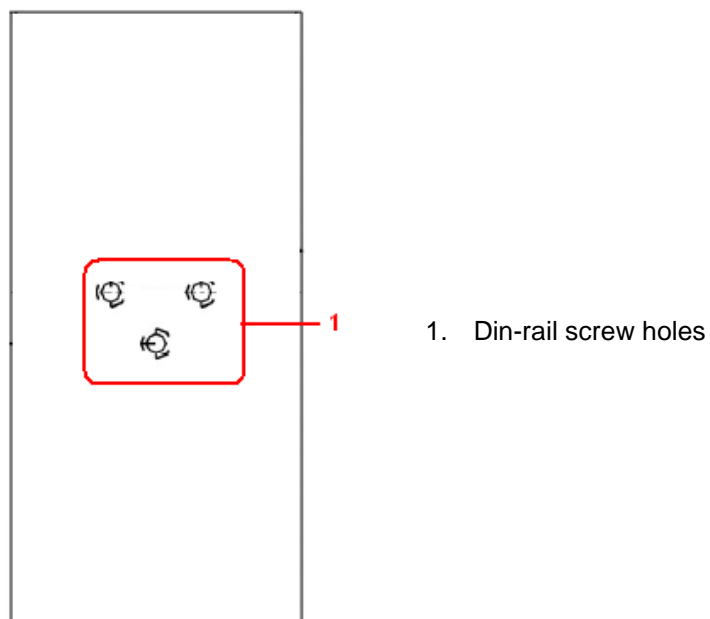
- 1. LED for Power 1
- 2. LED for ETH1 port
- 3. LED for WAN status
- 4. LED for Power 2
- 5. LED for ETH2 port
- 6. LED for Wi-Fi status
- 7. Reset button
- 8. Ethernet ports (ETH1 as LAN port; ETH2 as WAN port)
- 9. LTE antenna connector
- 10. Wi-Fi antenna connector
- 11. Serial port
- 12. TX Status of serial port
- 13. RX Status of serial port
- 14. PoE Indicator (IMG-4312+ Series only)

2.2 Front Panel LEDs

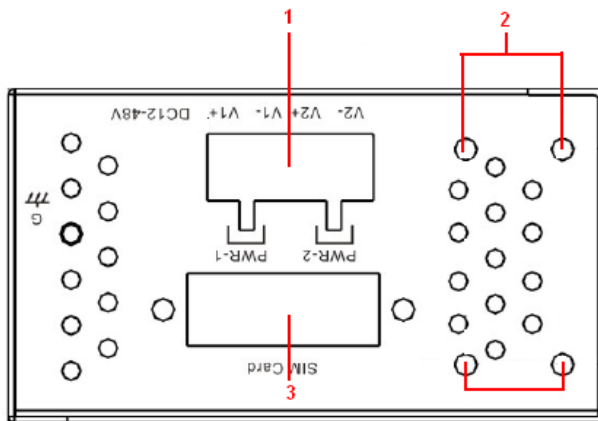
LED	Color	Status	Description
PWR1	Green	On	DC power 1 activated
PWR2	Green	On	DC power 2 activated
PoE	Green	On	Power is supplied over Ethernet cable
ETH1	Green	On	Port is linked and running at 100Mbps
		Blinking	Data being transmitted
ETH2	Green	On	Port is linked and running at 100Mbps
		Blinking	Data being transmitted
WLAN	Green	On	WLAN is activated
WAN	Green	On	Modem ready
TX / RX	Red	On	Receiving data
	Green	On	Transmitting data

2.3 Rear Panel

On the rear panel of the router sit three sets of screw holes. The two sets placed in triangular patterns on both ends of the rear panel are used for wall-mounting (red boxes in the figure below) and the set of four holes in the middle are used for Din-rail installation (blue box in the figure below). For more information on installation, please refer to [3.1 Din-rail Installation](#).



2.4 Top Panel

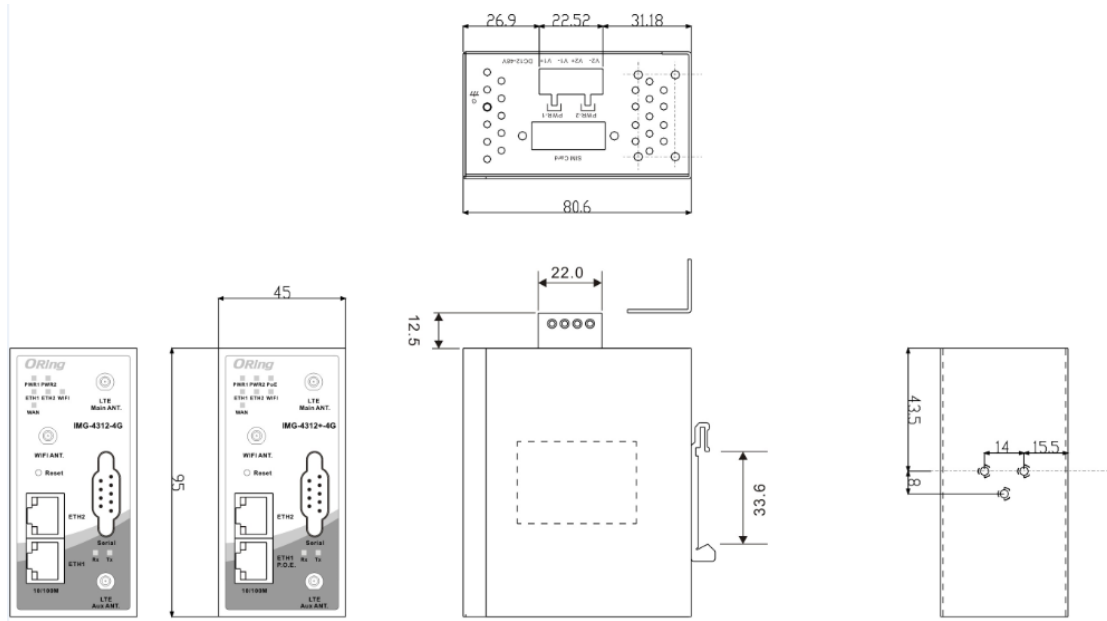


1. Terminal block
2. Wall-mount screw holes
3. SIM card slot

Hardware Installation

3.1 DIN-rail Installation

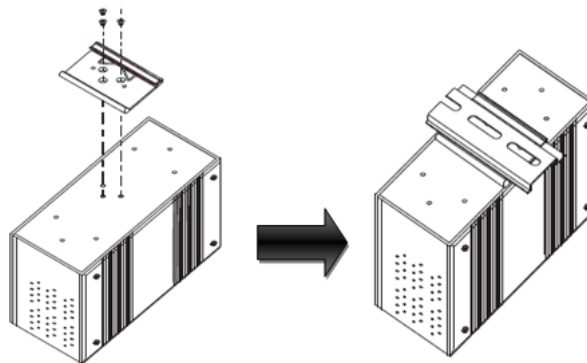
The router comes with a DIN-rail kit to allow you to fasten the router to a DIN-rail in any environments.



DIN-rail Kit Measurement (Unit = mm)

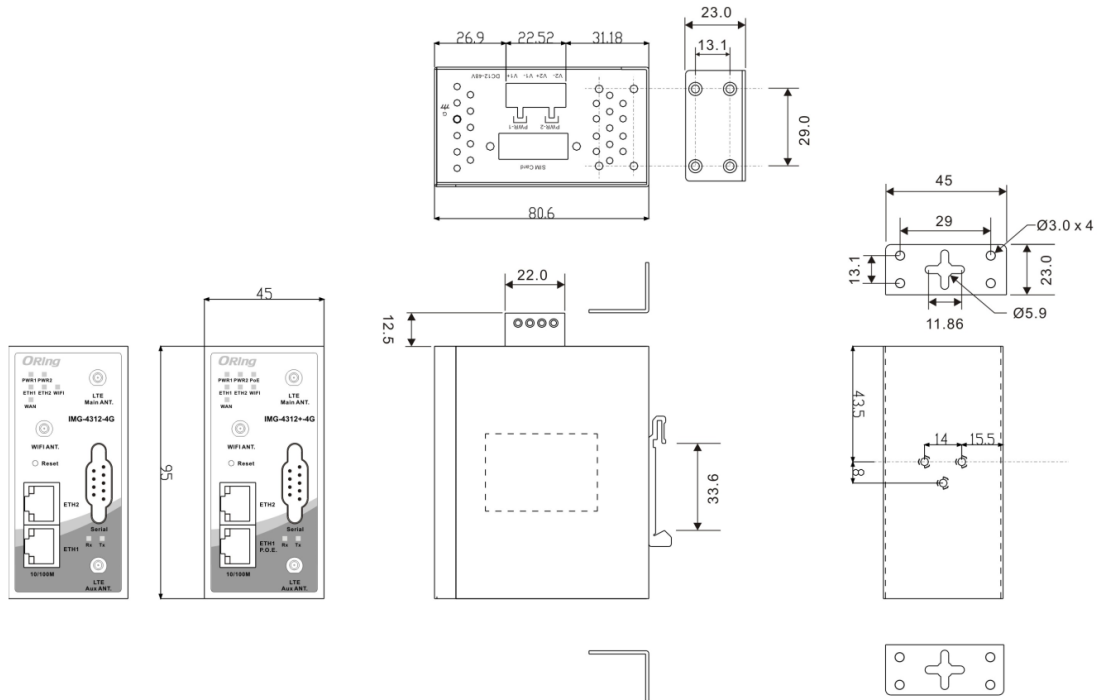
Step 1: Slant the router and screw the Din-rail kit onto the back of the router, right in the middle of the back panel.

Step 2: Slide the router onto a DIN-rail from the Din-rail kit and make sure the router clicks into the rail firmly.



3.2 Wall Mounting

Besides Din-rail, the router can be fixed to the wall via a wall mount panel, which can be found in the package.



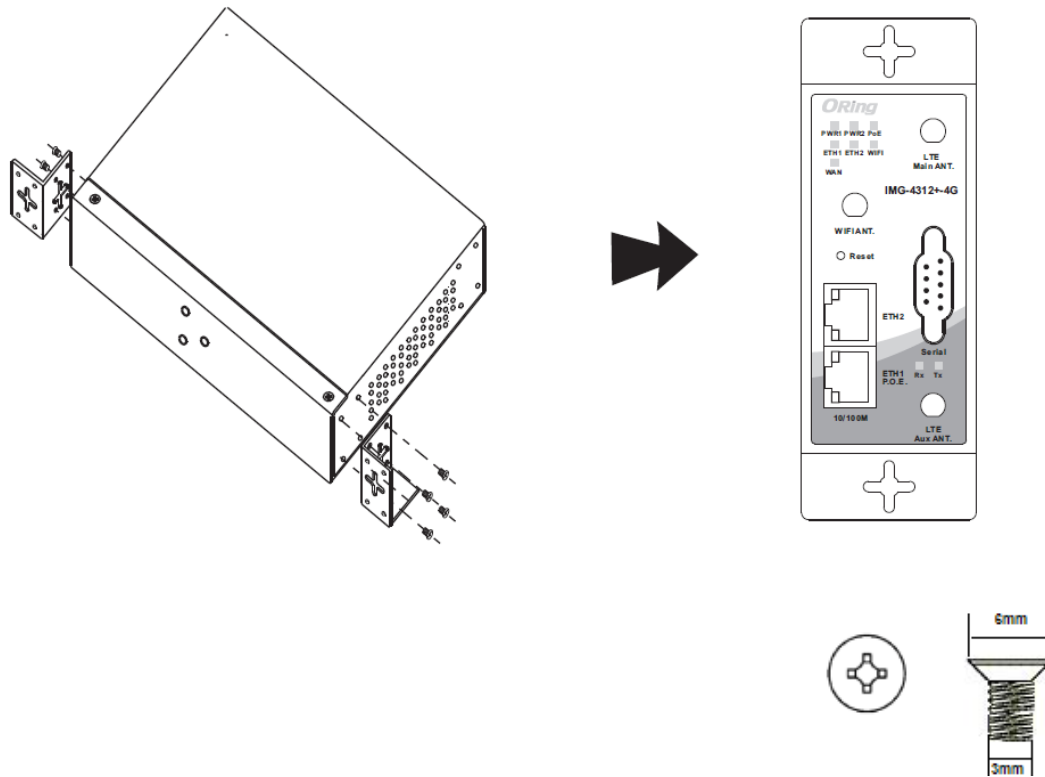
Wall-Mount Kit Measurement (Unit = mm)

To mount the router onto the wall, follow the steps:

Step 1: Screw the two pieces of wall-mount kits onto both ends of the rear panel of the router. A total of six screws are required, as shown below.

Step 2: Use the router, with wall mount plates attached, as a guide to mark the correct locations of the four screws.

Step 3: Insert a screw head through the large part of the keyhole-shaped aperture on the plate, and then slide the router downwards. Tighten the four screw for added stability.



The screws should be 6mm diameter head x 3mm diameter thread, as shown below. Note that the screws should not be larger than the size used in the series to prevent damaging the router.

3.3 Wiring



WARNING

Be sure to switch off the power and make sure the area is not hazardous before disconnecting modules or wires. The devices may only be connected to the supply voltage shown on the type plate.

3.3.1 Grounding

Grounding and wire routing help limit the effects of noise due to electromagnetic interference (EMI). Run the ground connection from the ground screw to the grounding surface prior to connecting devices.

The minimum cross-sectional area of Earthing conductor shall equal to input wiring cable.

3.3.2 Dual Power Inputs

The router has two sets of power inputs, power input 1 and power input 2, on a 4-pin terminal block on the router's top panel. Follow the steps below to wire redundant power inputs.

Step 1: insert the negative/positive DC wires into the V-/V+ terminals, respectively.

Step 2: to keep the DC wires from pulling loose, use a small flat-blade screwdriver to tighten the wire-clamp screws on the front of the terminal block connector.

Note: besides power input, the router can also be powered by a PoE PSE such as switch via its PoE-enabled LAN port.

3.3.3 Field Wire information

Terminal Block Header: Cat. No. 2EHDR-04P, manufactured by Dinkle Enterprise Co., Ltd. Rated 300 V, 15 A, 105°C.

Terminal Block Plug: Cat. No. 2ESDV-04P, manufactured by Dinkle Enterprise Co., Ltd. Rated 300 V, 15 A, 105°C, suitable for 3.3-0.08 mm² (12-28 AWG) wire size, torque value 0.51 N-m (4.5 lb-in)



ATTENTION

1. Be sure to disconnect the power cord before installing and/or wiring your routers.
 2. Calculate the maximum possible current in each power wire and common wire. Observe all electrical codes dictating the maximum current allowable for each wire size.
 3. If the current goes above the maximum ratings, the wiring could overheat, causing serious damage to your equipment.
 4. Use separate paths to route wiring for power and devices. If power wiring and device wiring paths must cross, make sure the wires are perpendicular at the intersection point.
 5. Do not run signal or communications wiring and power wiring through the same wire conduit. To avoid interference, wires with different signal characteristics should be routed separately.
 6. You can use the type of signal transmitted through a wire to determine which wires should be kept separate. The rule of thumb is that wiring sharing similar electrical characteristics can be bundled together.
 7. You should separate input wiring from output wiring.
 8. It is advised to label the wiring to all devices in the system.
-

Cables and Antenna

4.1 Ethernet Cables

The device has two 10/100Base-T(X) Ethernet ports. According to the link type, the AP uses CAT 3, 4, 5, 5e, 6 UTP cables to connect to any other network device (PCs, servers, switches, routers, or hubs). Please refer to the following table for cable specifications.

Cable Types and Specifications

Cable	Type	Max. Length	Connector
10BASE-T	Cat. 3, 4, 5 100-ohm	UTP 100 m (328 ft)	RJ-45
100BASE-T(X)	Cat. 5 100-ohm UTP	UTP 100 m (328 ft)	RJ-45

4.2 RJ-45 Pin Assignment

With 10/100Base-T(X) cables, pins 1 and 2 are used for transmitting data, and pins 3 and 6 are used for receiving data.

10/100 Base-T(X) RJ-45 Pin Assignments :

Pin Number	Assignment
1	TD+
2	TD-
3	RD+
4	P.O.E. power input +
5	P.O.E. power input +
6	RD-
7	P.O.E. power input -
8	P.O.E. power input -

The router also supports auto MDI/MDI-X operation. You can use a straight-through cable to connect PC and router. The following table below shows the 10/100BASE-T(X) MDI and MDI-X port pin outs.

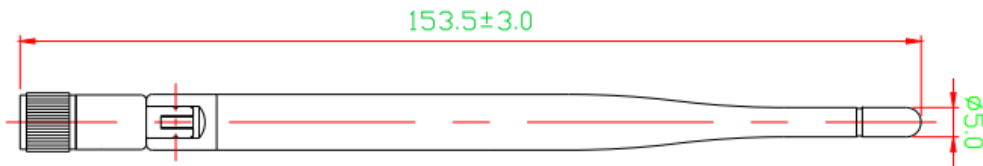
MDI/MDI-X pins assignment

Pin Number	MDI port	MDI-X port
1	TD+(transmit)	RD+(receive)
2	TD-(transmit)	RD-(receive)
3	RD+(receive)	TD+(transmit)
4	P.O.E. power input +	P.O.E. power input +
5	P.O.E. power input +	P.O.E. power input +
6	RD-(receive)	TD-(transmit)
7	P.O.E. power input -	P.O.E. power input -
8	P.O.E. power input -	P.O.E. power input -

Note: "+" and "-" signs represent the polarity of the wires that make up each wire pair.

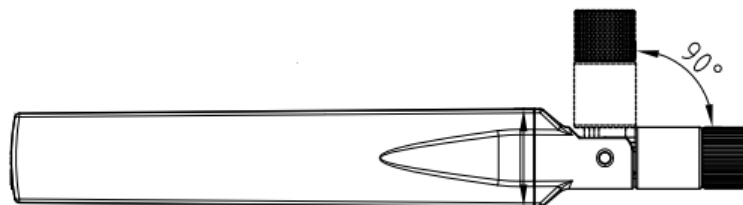
4.3 Wireless Antenna

The router provides a reversed SMA connector for 2.4GHz antennas. You can also use external RF cables and antennas with the connectors.



4.4 Cellular Antenna

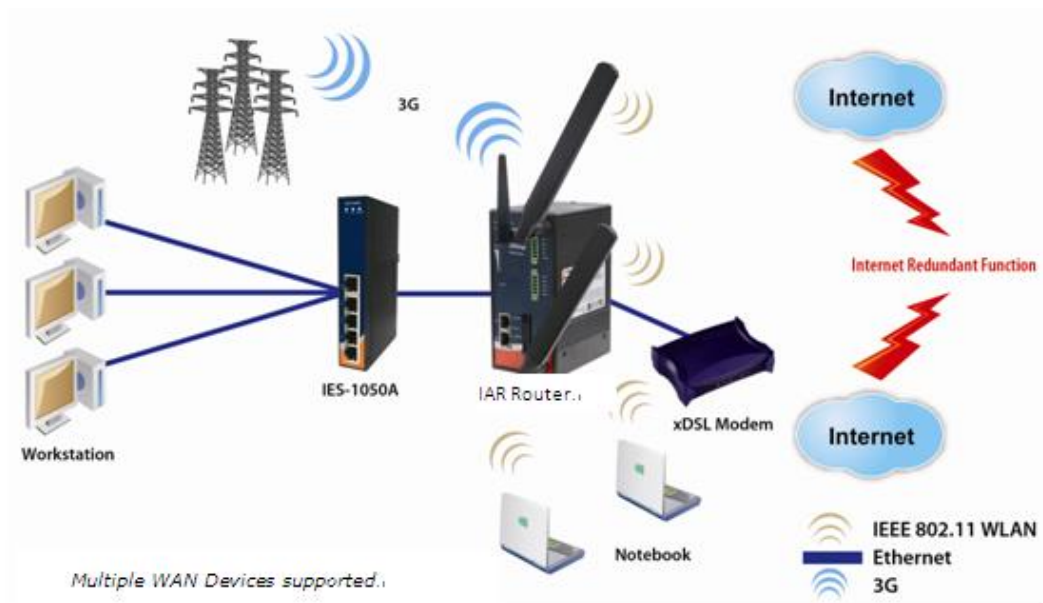
The router provides one SMA connector for cellular antennas. External RF cables and antennas can also be used with the connector.



Management Interface

5.1 Installation

Before installing the router, you need to be able to access the router via a computer equipped with an Ethernet card or wireless LAN interface. To simplify the connection, it is recommended to use an Ethernet card to connect to a LAN.



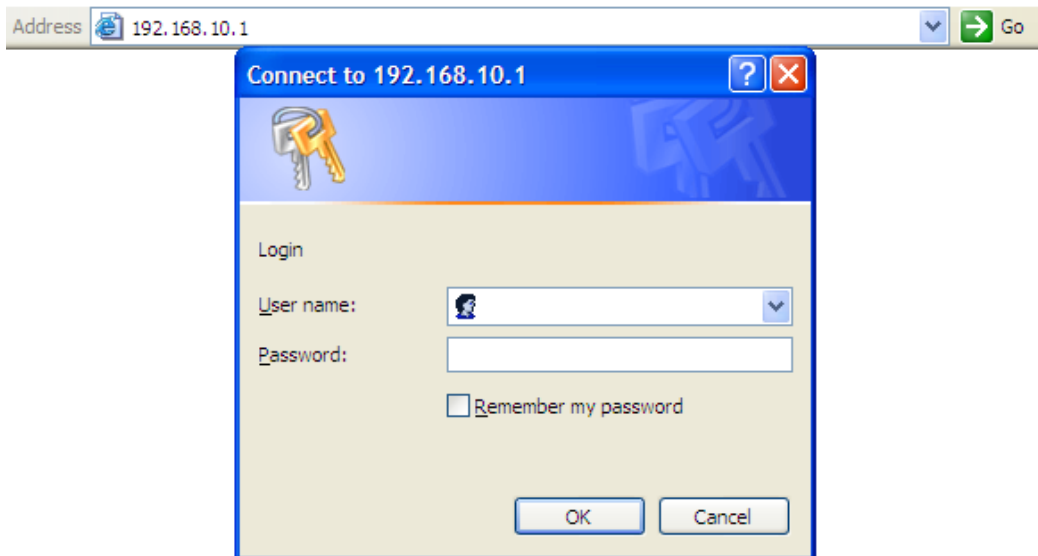
Follow the steps below to install and connect the router to PCs:

Step 1: Select power source. The router can be powered by +12~48V DC power input, or via a PoE (Power over Ethernet) PSE Ethernet switch.

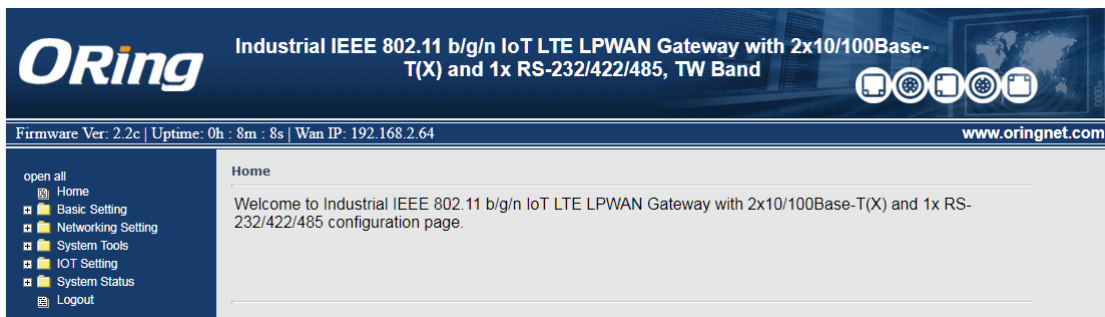
Step 2: Connect a computer to the router. Use either a straight-through Ethernet cable or cross-over cable to connect the ETH1 port of the router to a computer. Once the LED of the LAN port lights up, which indicates the connection is established, the computer will initiate a DHCP request to retrieve an IP address from the AP router.

Step 3: Configure the router on a web-based management utility. Open a web browser on your computer and type <http://192.168.10.1> (default gateway IP of the router) in the address box to access the webpage. A login window will pop up where you can enter the default login name admin and password admin. For security reasons, we strongly recommend you to

change the password. Click on **System Tools > Login Setting** after logging in to change the password.



After you log in successfully, a Web interface will appear, as shown below. On the left hand side of the interface is a list of functions where you can configure the settings. The details of the configurations will be shown on the right screen.



5.2 Configuration

On top of the Home screen shows information about the firmware version, uptime, and WAN IP address.



Label	Description
Firmware	Shows the current firmware version
Uptime	Shows the elapsed time since the AP router is started
Wan IP	Shows WAN IP address

5.2.1 Basic Setting

This section will guide you through the general settings for the router.

WAN

This page allows you to configure WAN settings. Different WAN connection types will have different settings.

WAN Connection Type as Dynamic/Static IP:

Basic Setting --> WAN

WAN settings.

WAN Connection Type: Dynamic/Static IP ▾

Obtain an IP address automatically

Use the following IP address:

IP Address:

Subnet Mask:

Default Gateway:

Obtain DNS server address automatically

Use the following DNS server addresses:

Preferred DNS:

Alternate DNS:

Use Modem/3G/4G as backup connection.

Phone Number:

APN:

User Name:

Password:

Ping Test Site:

Label	Description
Obtain an IP address automatically	Select this option if you want the IP address of the WAN port to be assigned automatically by the DHCP server in your network.
Use the following IP address	Select this option if you want to assign an IP address to the WAN port manually. You should set IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Default Gateway according to IP rules.
Obtain DNS server address automatically	Obtains a DNS server address from a DHCP server. If you have chosen to obtain an IP address automatically, this option will be selected accordingly.
Use the following DNS server addresses	Specifies a DNS server address manually. You can enter two addresses as the primary and secondary options.
Use Modem/ NB-IoT as backup connection	<p>Enable this option if you want to use Modem/ NB-IoT as a backup connection when main connection is lost.</p> <p>Enter your account username and password in the corresponding fields.</p> <p>Type a website address such as www.google.com in Ping Test Site to use it to check if the connection is alive or lost.</p>

WAN Connection Type as PPPoE:

Basic Setting --> WAN

WAN Settings.

WAN Connection Type:

User Name:

Password:

Service Name: (optional)

AC Name: (optional)

Specify the IP & DNS provided by ISP (If unknown, leave it unchecked)

IP Address:

Preferred DNS:

Alternate DNS:

Connection Mode

Auto

Connect On Demand
Max Idle Time: minutes (0 represents never bring down the link)

Manual

Use Modem/3G/4G as backup connection.

Phone Number:

APN:

User Name:

Password:

Ping Test Site:

Link Status: Disconnected

Label	Description
User Name / Password	Enter the username & password provided by your ISP.
AC Name	Enter the name of the access concentrator provided by your ISP
Service Name	Enter the service name provided by your ISP
Specify the IP & DNS provided by ISP	Enter a static IP and DNS address required by other ISPs.
Connection Mode	<p>Auto: connect automatically when the router boots up</p> <p>Connect on Demand: disconnect the PPP session if the router has had no traffic for a specified amount of time. Fill a number in the Max Idle Time field.</p> <p>Manual: connects or disconnects manually via the Connect/Disconnect buttons at the end of the page</p>
Use Modem/MN as backup connection	<p>Enable this option if you want to use modem/MN as a backup connection when main connection is lost.</p> <p>Enter your account username and password in the corresponding fields.</p> <p>Type a website address such as www.google.com in Ping Test Site to use it to check if the connection is alive or lost.</p>

WAN Connection Type as Modem/MN

Basic Setting --> WAN

WAN Settings.

WAN Connection Type:

Dial Number:

APN:

User Name:

Password:

PIN: Enable PIN check before dialing
PIN Code:

SIM Status: **SIM Fail or Not Present**

Baud Rate:

Auto Connect: Enable

Reconnect on Failure: Enable

Signal Quality Threshold(dbm): (default:-85)

Ping Test Site:

Re-dial interval: every mins, secs, Retry times

Fast Mode: Enable

Physical WAN Ports: Change Port Function to LAN

Device Status: **4G Modem available.**

Operations:

Link Status: Disconnected

Modem Status: Operator:
RadioType:
Signal Quality:
Base Station:
IMEI: 358503060258663

Label	Description
APN	Enter the APN value (optional)
User Name	Enter the user name provided by your ISP
Password	Enter the password provided by your ISP
Baud Rate	Select a Baud Rate from the drop-down list
Ping Test Site	Type a website address the field to use it to check if the connection is alive or lost.
PIN	Enter a PIN code if you want to perform PIN check
Auto Connect	Check to start connections when the router boots up
Reconnect on Failure	Check to allow for reconnection when links fail

Two LAN Ports	When connecting to a WAN network through wireless connections such as a NB-IoT SIM card, you can turn the idling WAN port to act as a LAN port by checking the box.
Device Status	Shows the status of the device
Operations	Click Connect to start modem NB-IoT connections or Disconnect to shut down connections
Link Status	Shows the status of connections
Modem Status	Shows information about the modem

WAN Connection Type as Wireless Client

Basic Setting --> WAN

WAN Settings.

WAN Connection Type:

IP Config Setting.

Obtain an IP address automatically

Use the following IP address:

IP Address:

Subnet Mask:

Default Gateway:

Obtain DNS server address automatically

Use the following DNS server addresses:

Preferred DNS:

Alternate DNS:

Wireless Client Setting.

Peer AP SSID:

Security Options

Security Type:

Use Modem/3G/4G as backup connection.

Phone Number:

APN:

User Name:

Password:

Ping Test IP Address:

Label	Description
Obtain an IP address automatically	Select this option if you want the IP address of the WAN port to be assigned automatically by the DHCP server in your network.
Use the following IP address	Select this option if you want to assign an IP address to the WAN port manually. You should set IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Default Gateway according to IP rules.
Obtain DNS server address automatically	Obtains a DNS server address from a DHCP server. If you have chosen to obtain an IP address automatically, this option will be selected accordingly.
Use the following DNS server addresses	Specifies a DNS server address manually. You can enter two addresses as the primary and secondary options.
Use Modem/MN as backup connection	<p>Enable this option if you want to use Modem/MN as a backup connection when main connection is lost. Enter your account username and password in the corresponding fields.</p> <p>Type a website address such as www.google.com in Ping Test Site to use it to check if the connection is alive or lost.</p>
Peer AP SSID	Enter the SSID of the AP you want to connect as a client
Security Type	<p>You can choose the security type for your WLAN connection from the following options:</p> <p>WEP: WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) is a wireless security protocol for WLAN. WEP will encrypt data transmitted on the WLAN.</p> <p>WPA/WPA2 Personal: uses a pre-shared key for authentication. This pre-shared key is then dynamically sent between the AP and clients. Each authorized computer is given the same pass phrase.</p>

LAN

This page allows you to configure the IP settings of the LAN for the router. The LAN IP address is private to your internal network and is not visible to Internet.

Basic Setting --> LAN

LAN Side settings.

Router Name:

IP Address:

Subnet Mask:

LLDP Protocol: Enable Disable

Label	Description
Router Name	Enter the name of your router
IP Address	The IP address of the LAN. The default value is 192.168.10.1
Subnet Mask	The subnet mask of the LAN. The default value is 255.255.255.0
LLDP Protocol	LLDP is a vendor-neutral protocol used by network devices for advertising their identity, capabilities, and neighbors on a LAN. You can enable or disable LLDP protocol.

DHCP

DHCP is a network protocol designed to allow devices connected to a network to communicate with each other using an IP address. The connection works in a client-server model, in which DHCP clients request an IP address from a DHCP server. The router comes with a built-in DHCP (Dynamic Host Control Protocol) server which assigns an IP address to a computer (DHCP client) on the LAN automatically. The router can also serve as a relay agent which will forward DHCP requests from DHCP clients to a DHCP server on the Internet.

The IP allocation provides one-to-one mapping of MAC address to IP address. When a computer with a MAC address requesting an IP address from the router, it will be assigned with the IP address according to the mapping. You can choose one from the client list and add it to the mapping list.

DHCP Server

Basic Setting --> DHCP -> DHCP Server

Set DHCP Server.

DHCP Server: Enabled Disabled

Starting IP:

Ending IP:

Lease Time: Hours

Local Domain Name: (optional)

DNS Server 1: (optional)

DNS Server 2: (optional)

WINS Server: (optional)

Allocate IP Address Manually.

-- Choose a Client to Edit --

MAC Address	IP Address	Operations
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Add"/> <input type="button" value="Clear"/>

Static DHCP Client List:

#	MAC Address	IP Address	Operations
<input type="button" value="Delete All"/>			

Label	Description
DHCP Server	Enables or disables the DHCP server function. The default setting is Enabled .
Starting IP	The starting IP address of the IP range assigned by the DHCP server
Ending IP	The ending IP address of the IP range assigned by the DHCP server
Lease Time	The period of time for the IP address to be leased. During the lease time, the DHCP server cannot assign that IP address to any other clients. Enter a number in the field. The default setting is 48 hours.
Local Domain Name	Enter the local domain name of a private network (optional)
DNS Server 1&2	Enter the IP address for the DNS server (optional)
WINS Server	Enter the WINS server (optional)
Allocate IP Address Manually	The IP Allocation section provides one-to-one mapping of MAC address to IP address. When a computer with the MAC address requests an IP from the router, it will be assigned with

	the IP address according to the mapping. You can choose one from the client list and add it to the mapping relationship.
Static DHCP Client List	The list shows the one-to-one relationship of the MAC address and IP address.

DHCP Client List

This page will show the DHCP client information including the host name, MAC address, IP address, and the expiration date of the address.

Basic Setting --> DHCP -> DHCP Client List

Current DHCP Client Information

#	HostName	Mac	IP	Expires In
1	THEBUGLAI	f0:24:75:d9:51:86	192.168.10.2	2 days, 00:26:49

Ser2net setting.

1. Remote Management

Ser2net Setting -->Remote management

Set the Remote Management enable DS-tool to access from WAN.

Remote management: Enable Disable

Port External Access:

Port1: Enable Disable

Apply Cancel

Label	Description
Remote Management	Enable to allow DS-tool to access M2M through WAN
Port External Access	Enable to allow the serial port to be access through WAN

2. Serial Configuration

Ser2net Setting --> Serial Configuration

	Port1
Port Alias	Port1
Interface	RS232
Baud Rate	38400
Data Bits	8
Stop Bits	1
Parity	None
Flow Control	None
Force TX Interval Time	0 ms
Performance	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Throughput <input type="radio"/> Latency

Apply Cancel

Label	Description
Port Alias	Remark the port to hint the connected device.
Interface	RS232 / RS422 / RS485(2-wires) / RS485(4-wires)
Baud rate	110bps/300bps/1200bps/2400bps/4800bps/9600bps/19200bps/ 38400bps/57600bps/115200bps/230400bps
Data Bits	7, 8
Stop Bits	1, 2 (1.5)
Parity	No, Even, Odd, Mark, Space
Flow Control	No, XON/XOFF, RTS/CTS, DTR/DSR
Force TX Interval Time	Force TX interval time is to specify the timeout when no data has been transmitted. When the timeout is reached or TX buffer is full (4K Bytes), the queued data will be sent. 0 means disable. Factory default value is 0.
Performance	Throughput: This mode optimized for highest transmission speed. Latency: This mode optimized for shortest response time.
Apply	Activate settings on this page.

2. Port Profile

Ser2net Setting --> Port Configuration

	Port1
Local TCP Port	4000
Command Port	4001
Mode	Serial to Ethernet
Flush Data Buffer After	0 ms
Delimiter(Hex 0~ff)	1: 00 2: 00 3: 00 4: 00
Mode	Ethernet to Serial
Flush Data Buffer After	0 ms
Delimiter(Hex 0~ff)	1: 00 2: 00 3: 00 4: 00

Apply Cancel

Label	Description
Serial to Ethernet	<p>Flush Data Buffer After: The received data will be queued in the buffer until all the delimiters are matched. When the buffer is full (4K Bytes) or after "flush S2E data buffer" timeout, the data will also be sent. You can set the time from 0 to 65535 seconds.</p> <p>Delimiter: You can define max. 4 delimiters (00~FF, Hex) for each way. The data will be hold until the delimiters are received or the option "Flush Serial to Ethernet data buffer" times out. 0 means disable. Factory default is 0</p>
Ethernet to serial	<p>Flush Data Buffer After: The received data will be queued in the buffer until all the delimiters are matched. When the buffer is full (4K Bytes) or after "flush E2S data buffer" timeout, the data will also be sent. You can set the time from 0 to 65535 seconds.</p> <p>Delimiter: You can define max. 4 delimiters (00~FF, Hex) for each way. The data will be hold until the delimiters are received or the option "Flush Ethernet to Serial data buffer" times out. 0 means disable. Factory default is 0</p>

3. Service Mode -- Virtual COM Mode

In Virtual COM Mode, the driver establishes a transparent connection between host and serial device by mapping the Port of the serial server serial port to local COM port on the host computer. Virtual COM Mode also supports up to 5 simultaneous connections, so that multiple hosts can send or receive data by the same serial device at the same time.

Ser2net Setting --> Service Mode

	Port1
Data Encryption	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
Service Mode	Virtual COM Mode
Idle Timeout	0 (0~65535)seconds
Alive Check	40 (0~65535)seconds
Max Connection	1 max. connection (1~5)

Apply Cancel

Label	Description
Data Encryption	Use SSL to encrypt data.
Idle Timeout	When serial port stops data transmission for a defined period of time (Idle Timeout), the connection will be closed and the port will be freed and try to connect with other hosts. 0 indicate disable this function. Factory default value is 0. If Multilink is configured, only the first host connection is effective for this setting.
Alive Check	The serial device will send TCP alive-check package in each defined time interval (Alive Check) to remote host to check the TCP connection. If the TCP connection is not alive, the connection will be closed and the port will be freed. 0 indicate disable this function. Factory default is 0.
Max Connection	The number of Max connection can support simultaneous connections are 5, default values is 1.

**Not allowed to mapping Virtual COM from web*

4. Service Mode – TCP Server mode

Ser2net Setting --> Service Mode

	Port1 ▾
Data Encryption	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
Service Mode	TCP Server Mode ▾
Telnet Negotiation	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
TCP Server Port	4000
Idle Timeout	0 (0~65535)seconds
Alive Check	40 (0~65535)seconds
Max Connection	1 ▾ max. connection(1~5)

Apply Cancel

In TCP Server Mode, DS is configured with a unique Port combination on a TCP/IP network. In this case, DS waits passively to be contacted by the device. After the device establishes a connection with the serial device, it can then proceed with data transmission. TCP Server mode also supports up to 5 simultaneous connections, so that multiple device can receive data from the same serial device at the same time.

Label	Description
Data Encryption	Use SSL to encrypt data.
Telnet Negotiation	Full Telnet command / symbol compatible
TCP Server Port	Set the port number for data transmission.
Idle Timeout	When serial port stops data transmission for a defined period of time (Idle Timeout), the connection will be closed and the port will be freed and try to connect with other hosts. 0 indicate disable this function. Factory default value is 0. If Multilink is configured, only the first host connection is effective for this setting.
Alive Check	The serial device will send TCP alive-check package in each defined time interval (Alive Check) to remote host to check the TCP connection. If the TCP connection is not alive, the connection will be closed and the port will be freed. 0 indicate disable this function. Factory default is 0.
Max Connection	The number of Max connection can support simultaneous connections are 5, default values is 1.

5. Service Mode – TCP Client Mode

In TCP Client Mode, device can establish a TCP connection with

server by the method you set (Startup or any character). After the data has been transferred, device can disconnect automatically from the server by using the TCP alive check time or Idle timeout settings.

Ser2net Setting --> Service Mode

	Port1
Data Encryption	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
Service Mode	TCP Client Mode
Destination Host	0.0.0.0 : 4000
Idle Timeout	0 (0~65535)seconds
Alive Check	40 (0~65535)seconds
Connect on	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Startup <input type="radio"/> Any Character
Destination Host	Port
1.	65535
2.	65535
3.	65535
4.	65535

Apply Cancel

Label	Description
Data Encryption	Use SSL to encrypt data.
Destination Host	Set the IP address of host and the port number of data port. .
Idle Timeout	When serial port stops data transmission for a defined period of time (Idle Timeout), the connection will be closed and the port will be freed and try to connect with other hosts. 0 indicate disable this function. Factory default value is 0. If Multilink is configured, only the first host connection is effective for this setting.
Alive Check	The serial device will send TCP alive-check package in each defined time interval (Alive Check) to remote host to check the TCP connection. If the TCP connection is not alive, the connection will be closed and the port will be freed. 0 indicate disable this function. Factory default is 0.
Connect on Startup	The TCP Client will build TCP connection once the connected serial device is started.
Connect on Any Character	The TCP Client will build TCP connection once the connected serial device starts to send data.

6. Service Mode – UDP Mode

Compared to TCP communication, UDP is faster and more efficient.

In UDP mode, you can Uni-cast or Multi-cast data from the serial device server to host computers, and the serial device can also receive data from one or multiple host

Ser2net Setting --> Service Mode

	Port1	
Service Mode	UDP Mode	
Listen Port	4000	
Host start IP	Host end IP	Send Port
1.		65535
2.		65535
3.		65535
4.		65535

Apply Cancel

Wireless LAN

This page enables you to set up the wireless LAN information of the AP.

Basic Setting --> Wireless LAN --> AP

These are the basic wireless settings for the Storage Router.

Basic wireless settings for the AP.

Wireless: Enabled Disabled

SSID: oring7620

Channel: 1

Security Options

Security Type: None

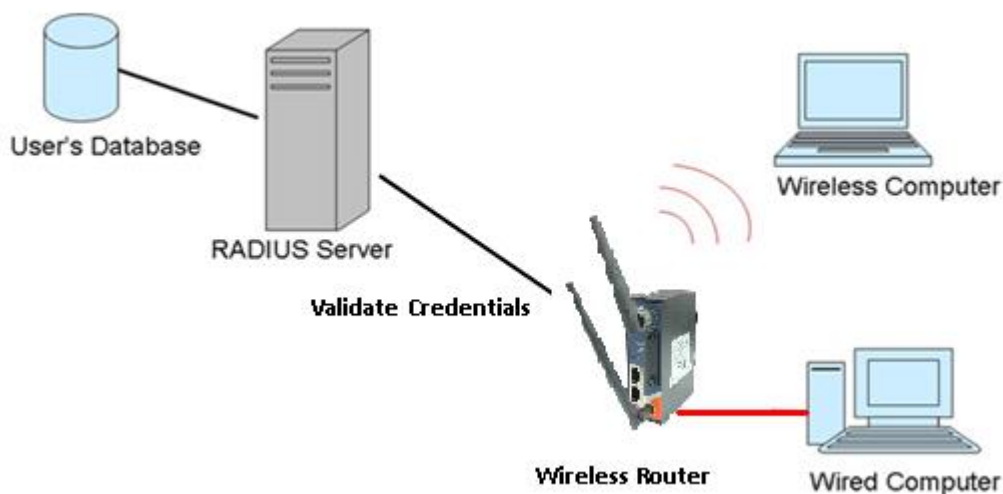
Label	Description
SSID	SSID (Service Set Identifier) is a unique name that identifies a network. All devices on the network must be set with the same SSID in order to communicate with each other. Fill in a new SSID in this field if you do not want to use the default value.
Channel	By selecting Auto, the wireless device will automatically choose the channel with least interference.
Security Options	You can choose the security type for your WLAN connection from the following options:

	<p>None: no encryption</p> <p>WEP: WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) is a wireless security protocol for WLAN. WEP will encrypt data transmitted on the WLAN.</p> <p>WPA/WPA2 Personal: uses a pre-shared key for authentication. This pre-shared key is then dynamically sent between the AP and clients. Each authorized computer is given the same pass phrase.</p> <p>WPA/WPA2 Enterprise: this type includes all of the features of WPA/WPA2 Personal plus support for 802.1x RADIUS authentication.</p> <p>802.1x: authentication through a RADIUS server</p>
--	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

RADIUS (Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service) is a widely deployed protocol that enables companies to authenticate and authorize remote users' access to a system or service from a central network server.

When you configure the remote access server for RADIUS authentication, the credentials of the connection request are passed to the RADIUS server for authentication and authorization. If the request is both authenticated and authorized, the RADIUS server sends an accept message back to the remote access server and the connection attempt is accepted. If the request is either not authenticated or not authorized, the RADIUS server sends a reject message back to the remote access server and the connection attempt is rejected.

The principle of the Radius server is shown in the following pictures:



When you set security type as **WEP**, the following fields will appear to allow you to configure individual settings.

Basic Setting --> Wireless LAN --> AP

These are the basic wireless settings for the Storage Router.

Basic wireless settings for the AP.

Wireless: Enabled Disabled

SSID:

Channel:

Security Options

Security Type:

Auth Mode: Open Shared WEPAUTO

WEP Encryption:

Key Type:

Default Key Index:

KEY1:

KEY2:

KEY3:

KEY4:

Label	Description
Auth Mode	Available values include Open , Shared , and WEPAUTO . When choosing Open or Shared , all of the clients must select the same authentication to associate this AP. If select WEPAUTO , the clients do not have to use the same Open or Shared authentication. They can choose any one to authenticate.
WEP Encryption	You can select 64 Bit or 128 Bit .
Key Type	Available values include ASCII and Hex Key Type . ASCII (American Standard Code for Information Interchange) is a code for representing English characters as numbers in the range from 0 to 127. Hex digits uses 0–9 to represent values zero to nine, and characters A-F to represent values ten to fifteen.
Default Key Index	Select one of the keys to be the active key
Key 1 to 4	You can input up to four encryption keys.

When you set security type as **WPA/WPA2-Personal**, the following fields will appear to allow you to configure individual settings.

Basic Setting --> Wireless LAN --> AP

These are the basic wireless settings for the Storage Router.

Basic wireless settings for the AP.

Wireless: Enabled Disabled

SSID:

Channel:

Security Options

Security Type:

Auth Mode: WPAPSK WPA2PSK WPAPSK/WPA2PSK mix

Encryption Type: TKIP AES TKIP/AES mix

Shared Key: (8~64 characters)

Label	Description
Auth Mode	Available values include WPAPSK , WPA2PSK , and WPAPSK/WPA2PSK mix . WPAPSK and WPA2PSK will encrypt the link without additional RADIUS server, only an access point and client station that supports WPA-PSK is required. For WPA/WPA2, authentication is achieved via WPA RADIUS Server. You need a RADIUS or other authentication server on the network.
Encryption Type	Available values include TKIP , AES , and TKIP/AES mix . WPA-PSK uses TKIP encryption, and WPA2-PSK uses AES encryption. TKIP/AES provides the most reliable security, and is easiest to implement.
Shared Key	Enter a pass phrase in this field. The value must be within 8 to 64 characters

When you set security type as **WPA /WPA2 Enterprise**, the following screen will appear to allow you to configure individual settings.

Basic Setting --> Wireless LAN --> AP

These are the basic wireless settings for the Storage Router.

Basic wireless settings for the AP.

Wireless: Enabled Disabled

SSID:

Channel:

Security Options

Security Type:

Auth Mode: WPA WPA2 WPA/WPA2 mix

Encryption Type: TKIP AES TKIP/AES mix

Radius Server IP: . . .

Radius Port:

Shared Secret:

Label	Description
Auth Mode	Available values include WPAPSK , WPA2PSK , and WPAPSK/WPA2PSK mix . WPAPSK and WPA2PSK will encrypt the link without additional RADIUS server, only an access point and client station that supports WPA-PSK is required. For WPA/WPA2, authentication is achieved via WPA RADIUS Server. You need a RADIUS or other authentication server on the network.
Encryption Type	Available values include TKIP , AES , and TKIP/AES mix . WPA-PSK uses TKIP encryption, and WPA2-PSK uses AES encryption. TKIP/AES provides the most reliable security, and is easiest to implement.
Radius Server IP	Enter the IP address of the RADIUS server
Radius Port	Enter the RADIUS port (default is 1812)
Shared Secret	Enter the RADIUS password or key

When you set security type as **802.1X**, the following fields will appear to allow you to configure individual settings.

Basic Setting --> Wireless LAN --> AP

These are the basic wireless settings for the Storage Router.

Basic wireless settings for the AP.

Wireless: Enabled Disabled

SSID:

Channel:

Security Options

Security Type:

WEP Encryption:

Key Type:

Default Key Index:

KEY1:

KEY2:

KEY3:

KEY4:

Radius Server IP:

Radius Port:

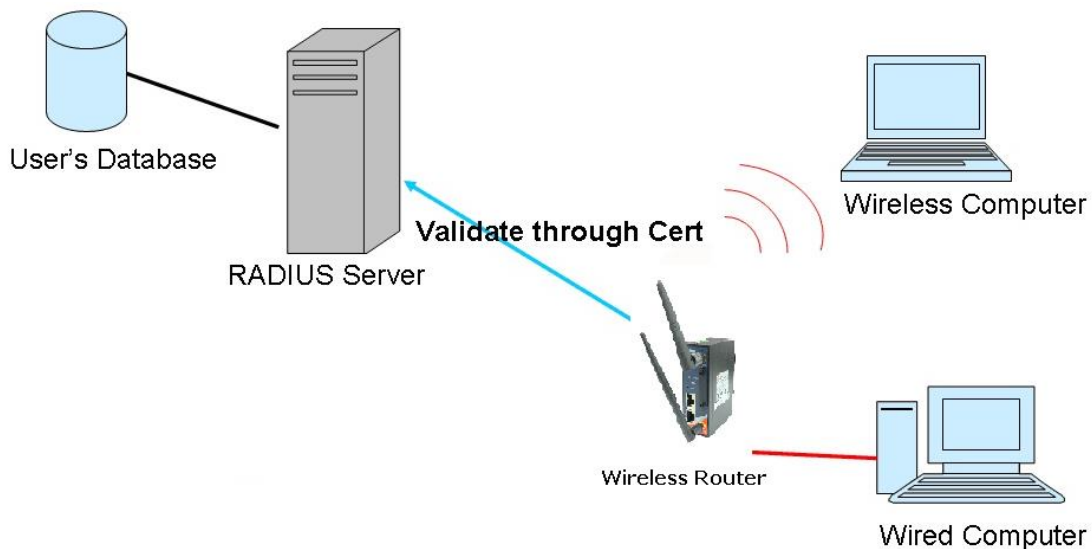
Shared Secret:

Label	Description
WEP Encryption	You can select 64 Bit or 128 Bit .
Key Type	Available values include ASCII and Hex Key Type . ASCII (American Standard Code for Information Interchange) is a code for representing English characters as numbers in the range from 0 to 127. Hex digits uses 0–9 to represent values zero to nine, and characters A-F to represent values ten to fifteen.
Default Key Index	Select one of the keys to be the active key
Key 1 ~ 4	Input up to four encryption keys
Radius Server IP	Enter the IP address of the RADIUS server
Radius Port	Enter the RADIUS port (default is 1812)
Shared Secret	Enter the RADIUS password or key

RADIUS (Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service) is a widely deployed protocol that enables companies to authenticate and authorize remote users' access to a system or service from a central network server.

When you configure the remote access server for RADIUS authentication, the credentials of the connection request are passed to the RADIUS server for authentication and authorization. If the request is both authenticated and authorized, the RADIUS server sends an accept message back to the remote access server and the connection attempt is accepted. If the request is either not authenticated or not authorized, the RADIUS server sends a reject message back to the remote access server and the connection attempt is rejected.

The principle of the Radius server is shown in the following pictures:



DDNS

DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name System) allows you to configure a domain name for your IP address which is dynamically assigned by your ISP. Therefore, you can use a static domain name that always points to the current dynamic IP address.

Basic Setting --> DDNS

DDNS settings.

DDNS Service:

User Name: (*)

Password: (*)

Domain: (*)

Label	Description
DDNS Service	Choose a DDNS service provider from the list

User Name	Enter the user name of your DDNS account
Password	Enter the password of your DDNS account
Domain	Enter the domain name provided by your dynamic DNS service provider

Date & Time

In this page, you can set the date & time of the device. A correct date and time will help the system log events. You can set up a NTP (Network Time Protocol) client to synchronize date & time with a NTP server on the Internet.

Basic Setting --> Date & Time

Date/Time settings.

System time: Wed Jul 25 2012 15:8:10

NTP: Enable

NTP Server 1:

Time Zone:

Synchronise: at :

Local Date: Year Month Day

Local Time: Hour Minute Second

Label	Description
NTP	Enables or disables NTP function
NTP Server 1	The primary NTP server
Time Zone	Select the time zone you are located in
Synchronize	Specify the scheduled time for synchronization
Local Date	Set a local date manually
Local Time	Set a local time manually

5.2.2 Networking Setting

Wireless Setting

Advanced

NetWorking Setting --> Wireless Setting --> Advanced

Wireless performance tuning.

Beacon Interval: (msec, range:20~999, default:100)

DTIM Interval: (range: 1~255, default:1)

Fragmentation Threshold: (range: 256~2346, default:2346)

RTS Threshold: (range: 1~2347, default:2347)

Xmit Power: % (range: 1~100, default:100)

Max Client Threshold: (range: 1~32, default 10)

Wireless Mode: BG Mixed Mode B Mode G Mode
 GN mixed Mode BGN mixed Mode

Preamble: Long Short

SSID Broadcast: Enabled Disabled

HT Operating Mode: Mixed Mode Green Field

HT Band Width: 20 MHz 20/40 MHz

HT Guard Interval: Long Short

HT MCS: ▼

HT RDG: Disable Enable

HT Extension Channel: ▼

HT Aggregation MSDU: Disable Enable

HT Auto BlockACK: Disable Enable

HT Decline BA Request: Disable Enable

Extra parameters for Client Mode:

X-Roaming: Disabled Standard

Signal Threshold for Roaming: dbm(range: 60~90, default 75)

Label	Description
Beacon Interval	A beacon is a packet sent by a wireless access point to synchronize wireless devices. The beacon interval value indicates the frequency interval of the beacon. Increasing the beacon interval reduces the number of beacons and the overhead associated with them. The default value is 100, but 50 is recommended when reception is poor.
DTIM Interval	The default value is 1. This value, between 1 and 255

	<p>milliseconds, indicates the interval of the Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM). A DTIM field is a countdown field informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages. When the AP has buffered broadcast or multicast messages for associated clients, it sends the next DTIM with a DTIM Interval value. Its clients hear the beacons and awaken to receive the broadcast and multicast messages.</p>
Fragmentation Threshold	<p>The value specifies the maximum size for a packet before data is fragmented into multiple packets. The value should remain at the default 2346 (the range is 256 - 2346 bytes). If you experience a high packet error rate, you may slightly increase the value. Setting the value too low may result in poor network performance. Only minor modifications of this value are recommended.</p>
RTS Threshold	<p>The RTS (Request to Send) Threshold is the amount of time a wireless device, attempting to send, will wait for a recipient to acknowledge that it is ready. Normally, the AP sends a RTS frame to a station and negotiates the sending of data. After receiving the RTS, the station responds with a CTS (Clear to Send) frame to acknowledge the right to begin transmission. To ensure communication, the maximum value should be used, which is the default value 2347 (the range is 0-2347 bytes). If a network packet is smaller than the preset RTS threshold size, the RTS/CTS mechanism will not be enabled.</p>
Xmit Power	<p>Xmit Power allows you to change the power output level. This value ranges from 1 - 100 percent, default value is 100 percent. A safe increase of up to 60 percent would be suitable for most users. Higher power settings are not recommended for users due to excess heat generated by the radio chipset, which can affect the life of the AP.</p>
Max Client Threshold	<p>This is the maximum number of clients for an AP. When the number of clients exceeds the value, the AP will reject the roaming connection. This value is only used on AP-mode equipment.</p>
Wireless Network Mode	<p>You can select single or mixed wireless modes. In mixed mode, the device is able to offer various WiFi network types</p>

	(B, G and N) at the same time from a single 2.4GHz radio. 802.11n transmission is always embedded in an 802.11a, for 5GHz radios, or 802.11g for 2.4GHz radio transmissions. This is called Mixed Mode Format protection (also known as L-SIG TXOP Protection).
Preamble	Available values include Long and Short , with Long as the default value. If all clients and access points in your wireless network support short preamble, then enabling it can boost overall throughput. However, if any wireless device does not support short preamble, then it will not be able to communicate with your network. If you are not sure whether your radio supports the short RF preamble, you must disable this feature.
SSID Broadcast	When wireless clients survey the local area for wireless networks to associate with, they will detect the SSID broadcasted by the AP. Click Enable if you want to broadcast the AP SSID, otherwise click Disable to inactivate the function.

MAC Filter

This page allows you to set up MAC filters to allow or deny wireless clients to connect to the router. You can manually add a MAC address or select a MAC address from the Associated Clients list currently associated with the router.

NetWorking Setting --> Wireless Setting--> MAC Filter

Filters are used to allow or deny Wireless Clients from accessing the AP.

MAC Filters: Enabled Disabled

Options

Only allow MAC address(es) listed below to connect to AP

Only deny MAC address(es) listed below to connect to AP

Associated Clients: Copy To

MAC Filter Table:

1.	<input type="text"/>	11.	<input type="text"/>	21.	<input type="text"/>
2.	<input type="text"/>	12.	<input type="text"/>	22.	<input type="text"/>
3.	<input type="text"/>	13.	<input type="text"/>	23.	<input type="text"/>
4.	<input type="text"/>	14.	<input type="text"/>	24.	<input type="text"/>
5.	<input type="text"/>	15.	<input type="text"/>	25.	<input type="text"/>
6.	<input type="text"/>	16.	<input type="text"/>	26.	<input type="text"/>
7.	<input type="text"/>	17.	<input type="text"/>	27.	<input type="text"/>
8.	<input type="text"/>	18.	<input type="text"/>	28.	<input type="text"/>
9.	<input type="text"/>	19.	<input type="text"/>	29.	<input type="text"/>
10.	<input type="text"/>	20.	<input type="text"/>	30.	<input type="text"/>

Label	Description
MAC Filter	Select Enabled or Disabled to activate or deactivate MAC filters
Options	Select one of the options to allow or deny the MAC address in the list
Associated Clients	Shows the wireless MAC addresses associated with the router
MAC Filter Table	You can edit up to MAC addresses in these fields
Apply	Click to activate the configurations

NAT Setting

Virtual Server

This page allows you to set up virtual server setting. A virtual server allows Internet users to access services on your LAN. This is a useful function if you host services online such as FTP, Web or game servers. A public port must be defined for the virtual server on your router in order to redirect traffic to an internal LAN IP address and LAN port. Any PC used as a virtual server must have a static or reserved IP address.

Networking Setting --> NAT Setting -> Virtual Server

Virtual server settings.

Virtual Server: Enable Disable

Description:

Public IP: All Specify

Public Port:

Protocol: TCP UDP Both

Local IP:

Local Port:

Enable Now: Yes No

Virtual server list:

#	Description	Public IP	Public Port	Protocol	Local IP	Local Port	Enabled	Ops
---	-------------	-----------	-------------	----------	----------	------------	---------	-----

Label	Description
Virtual Server	Select Enabled or Disabled to activate or deactivate virtual server
Description	Enter the description of the entry. Acceptable characters are 0-9, a-z, and A-Z. A null value is allowed.
Public IP	Enter a public IP allowed to access the virtual service. If not specified, choose All .
Public Port	The port number to be used to access the virtual service on the WAN (Wide Area Network)
Protocol	The protocol used for the virtual service
Local IP	The IP address of the computer that will provide virtual service
Local Port	The port number of the service used by the private IP computer
Enable Now	Enables the virtual server entry after adding it
Virtual server list	Click Edit to edit the virtual service entry and Del to delete the entry.

DMZ

DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) allows a computer to be exposed to the Internet without passing through the security settings and therefore is unsecured. This feature is useful for special purposes such as gaming.

To use this function, you need to set an internal computer as the DMZ host by entering its IP address. Adding a client to the DMZ may expose your local network to a variety of security

risks, so use this function carefully.

Networking Setting --> NAT Setting -> DMZ

DMZ settings.

DMZ: Enable Disable

Description:

DMZ Host IP:

Label	Description
DMZ	Enables or disables DMZ
Description	Enter a description for the DMZ host entry
DMZ Host IP	Enter the IP address of the computer to act as the DMZ host

UPnP

The UPnP (Universal Plug and Play) feature allows Internet devices to access local host resources or devices as needed. UPnP-enabled devices can be automatically discovered by the UPnP service application on the LAN.

Networking Setting --> NAT Setting -> UPnP

UPnP settings.

UPnP: Enabled Disabled

Enable NAT-PMP

UPnP List:

#	Application	Ext Port	Protocol	Int Port	IP Address
---	-------------	----------	----------	----------	------------

Label	Description
UPnP	Enable or disable UPnP.
Enable NAT-PMP	NAT-PMP allows a computer in a private network (behind a NAT router) to automatically configure the router to allow parties outside the private network to contact with each other. NAT-PMP operates with UDP. It essentially automates the process of port forwarding. Check the box to enable NAT-PMP.
UPnP List	This table lists the current auto port forwarding information. Application: The application that generates this port

	<p>forwarding.</p> <p>Ext Port: The port opened on WAN</p> <p>Protocol: The protocol type</p> <p>Int Port: The port redirected to the local computer</p> <p>IP Address: The IP address of local computer to be redirected to</p>
--	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Firewall Setting

IP Filter

IP filters enable you to control the forwarding of incoming and outgoing data between your LAN and the Internet and within your LAN. This control is implemented via IP filter rules which are defined to block attempts by certain computers on your LAN to access certain types of data or Internet locations. You can also block incoming access to computers on your LAN.

Networking Setting --> Firewall Setting -> IP Filter

IP filter settings.

IP Filter: Enable Disable

Description:

Rule:

Direction:

IP Address: Source IP: Destination IP:

Protocol: All ICMP Specify protocol number:

TCP Specify port:

UDP Specify port:

Enable Now: Yes No

IP filter list:

#	Description	Rule	Direction	Source IP	Destination IP	Protocol	Port	Enabled	Operations
---	-------------	------	-----------	-----------	----------------	----------	------	---------	------------

Label	Description
IP Filter	Enables or disables the IP Filter
Description	Enter description for the entry.
Rule	Configures the rules to be applied to the IP filter. Available options include DROP , ACCEPT , and REJECT .
Direction	Specifies the direction of data flow to be filtered
IP Address	Enter the IP address of the source and destination computer

Protocol	Configures the protocol to be filtered
Enable Now	Click Yes to enable the entry after adding it
IP filter list	Shows the information of all IP filters. Click Edit to edit the entry or Del to delete the entry.

MAC Filter

This page enables you to deny or allow LAN computers to access the Internet based on their MAC addresses.

Networking Setting --> Firewall Setting -> MAC Filter

MAC Filter settings.

MAC Filter: Enable Disable

Description:

Rule:

MAC Address: (e.x. 00:11:22:aa:bb:cc)

Enable Now: Yes No

MAC filter list:

#	Description	Rule	MAC Address	Enabled	Operations
---	-------------	------	-------------	---------	------------

Label	Description
MAC Filter	Enables or disables the MAC Filter
Description	Enter description for the entry
Rule	Configures the rules to be applied to the MAC filter. Available options include DROP , ACCEPT , and REJECT .
MAC Address	Enter the MAC address to be filtered
Enable Now	Click Yes to enable the entry after adding it
MAC filter list	Shows the information of all MAC filters. Click Edit to edit the entry or Del to delete the entry.

Custom Rules

Custom firewall rules provide more granular access control beyond LAN isolation. You can define a set of firewall rules that is evaluated for every request sent by a wireless user associated to that SSID. Firewall rules are evaluated from top to bottom. The first rule that matches is applied, and subsequent rules are not evaluated. If no rules match, the default rule (allow all traffic) is applied.

Networking Setting --> Firewall Setting -> Custom Rules

Custom firewall rules.

Custom Firewall Rules: Enable Disable

Note: Each command line must precede with 'iptables'.

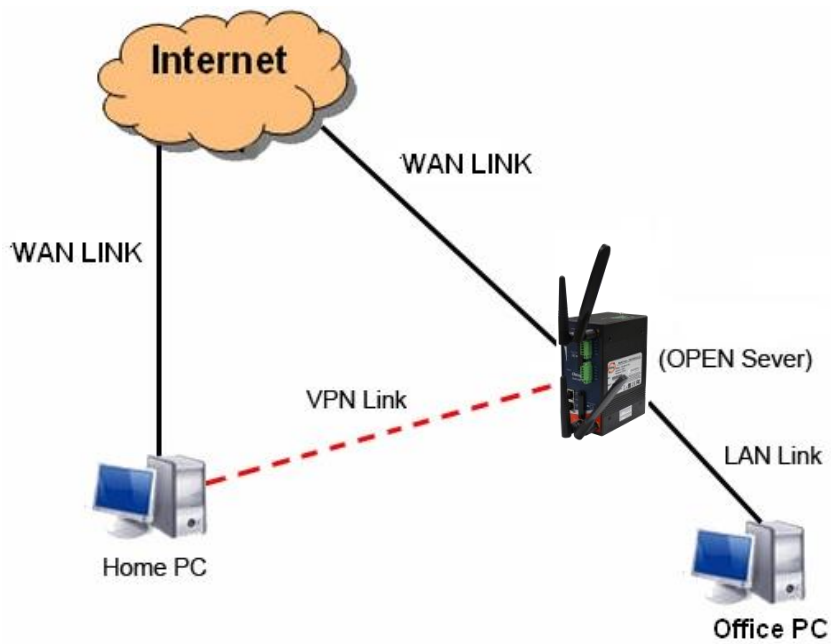
VPN Setting

OpenVPN

A VPN is a method of linking two locations as if they are on a local private network to facilitate data transmission and ensure data security. The links between the locations are known as tunnels. VPN can achieve confidentiality, authentication, and integrity of data by utilizing encapsulation protocols, encryption algorithms, and hashing algorithms.

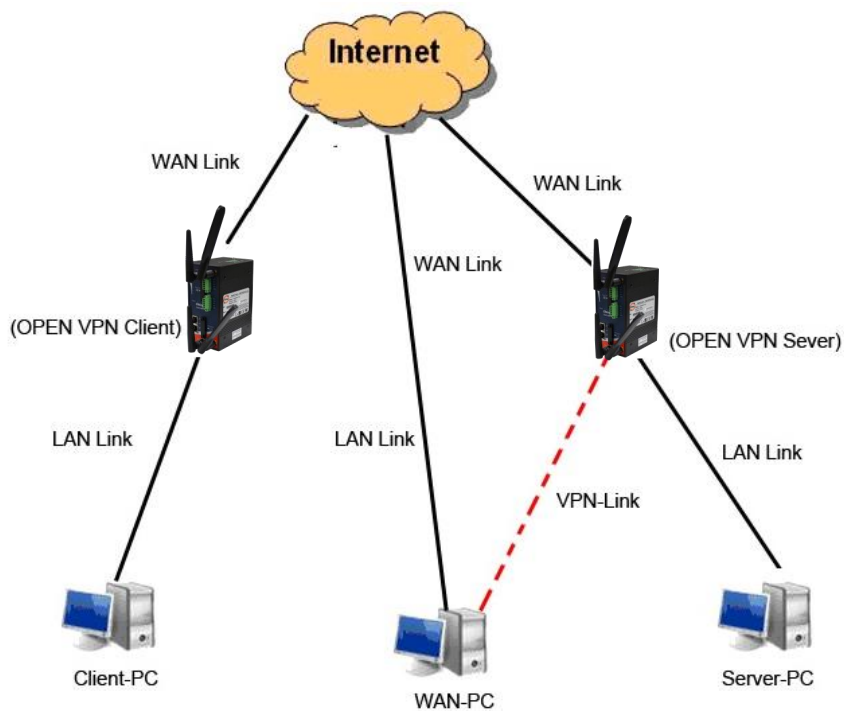
Open VPN enables you to easily set up a virtual private network over an encrypted connection. It is a full-function SSL VPN solution which accommodates a wide range of configurations including remote access, site-to-site VPNs, WiFi security, and enterprise-level remote access with load balancing, failover, and fine-grained access control features.

To set up your router as an Open VPN server, you need to install `openvpn` client software for your Windows-based PC. You can download it from <http://openvpn.net/download.html#stable>. The software version must match the current version of Openvpn used by the router which is version 2.0.9.



Connection to Open VPN Server

When you enable Open VPN Client, you need two routers to create site-to-site VPN connections. The server IP and client IP address should be within the same network domain.



Open VPN Server and Client Connection

Networking Setting --> Vpn Setting -> Openvpn

Openvpn settings.

Server settings.

Openvpn Server: Enable Disable

Tunnel Protocol:

Port:

LZO Compression: Enable Disable

Keys Setting:

Client settings.

Openvpn Client: Enable Disable

Server IP/Host Name:

Tunnel Protocol:

Port:

LZO Compression: Enable Disable

Keys Setting:

Label	Description
Openvpn Server	Enables or disables the function of Open VPN server
Tunnel Protocol	Select UDP or TCP protocol depending on your needs. TCP is more reliable than UDP, but UDP performs better than TCP. It is recommended to use UDP if the distance between VPN server and client is short; otherwise, use TCP.
Port	The number of the port (default is 1194).
LZO Compression	Enables or disables the function of LZO Compression
Keys Setting	Select Auto to use preset certificates or Manual to use your certificates. Please install openvpn client software to generate your certificates and paste them here. For more information, please visit openvpn website.
Openvpn Client	Enables or disables the function of Open VPN client.
Server IP/Host Name	Enter the Open VPN server IP address
Tunnel Protocol	Select UDP or TCP protocol depending on your needs. TCP is more reliable than UDP, but UDP performs better than TCP. It is recommended to use UDP if the distance between

	VPN server and client is short; otherwise, use TCP.
Port	The number of the port (default is 1194).
LZO Compression	Enables or disables the LZO Compression
Keys Setting	Select Auto to use preset certificates or Manual to use your certificates. Please install openvpn client software to generate your certificates and paste them here. For more information, please visit openvpn website.

Routing Protocol

Routing Setting

This page shows the information of the routing table. You can configure static and dynamic routing settings in this page.

Static Routing

When RIPv1 & v2 is **Disabled**, the router will operate in static routing mode, which means routers forward packets using either route information from route table entries that you manually configure or the route information that is calculated using dynamic routing algorithms.

Networking Setting --> Routing Protocol -> Routing Setting

Current Routing Table:

Destination	Gateway	Subnet Mask	Metric	Interface
192.168.2.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	0	eth2.2(WAN)
192.168.10.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	0	br0(LAN)
default	192.168.2.1	0.0.0.0	0	eth2.2(WAN)

Static Route Entry:

Destination	Gateway	Subnet Mask	Metric	Interface	Operations
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	WAN ▾	<input type="button" value="Add"/>

Mode: ▾

RIPv1 & v2: ▾

Telnet Setting: Enable Disable

Port:

Password:

Dynamic Routing

Dynamic routing lets routing tables in routers change as the routes change. If the best path to a destination cannot be used, dynamic routing protocols change routing tables when necessary to keep your network traffic moving. Dynamic routing protocols include RIP, OSPF, and BGP; however, the device only supports RIP (Routing Information Protocol).

Do not choose **Disable** in the RIPv1 & v2 list if you want to enable Dynamic Routing. After clicking **Apply**, more information will be displayed in Current Routing Table.

Networking Setting --> Routing Protocol -> Routing Setting

Current Routing Table:

Destination	Gateway	Subnet Mask	Metric	Interface
192.168.2.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	0	eth2.2(WAN)
192.168.10.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	0	br0(LAN)
default	192.168.2.1	0.0.0.0	0	eth2.2(WAN)

Static Route Entry:

Destination	Gateway	Subnet Mask	Metric	Interface	Operations
				WAN ▾	Add

Mode: Gateway ▾

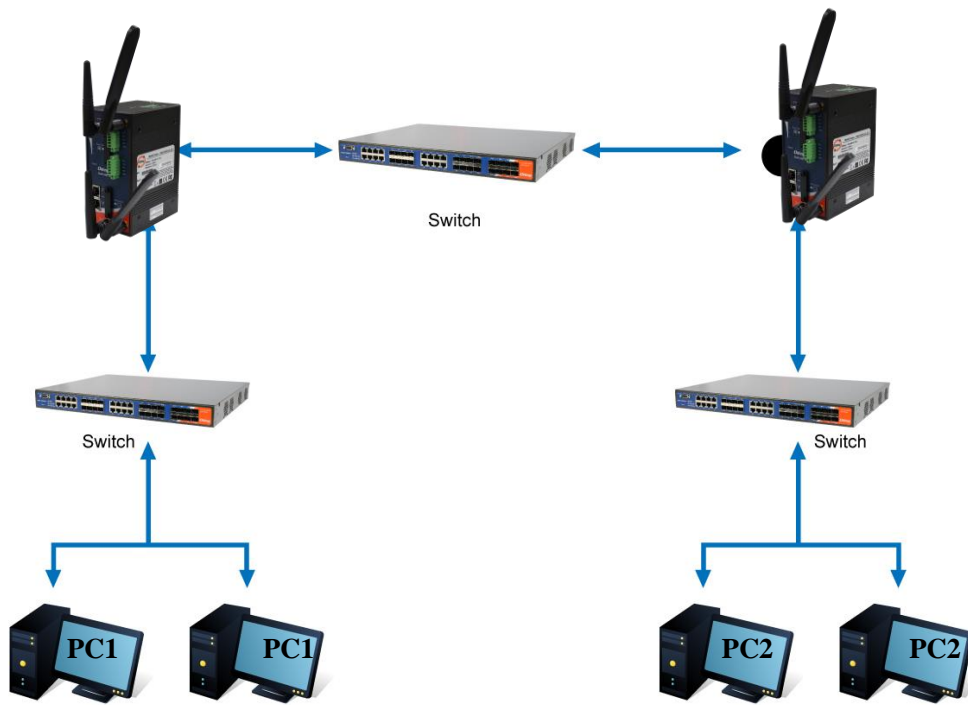
RIPv1 & v2: Both ▾

Telnet Setting: Enable Disable

Port: 23

Password:

Label	Description
Current Routing Table	Shows all routing information, including static and dynamic routing (if enabled)
Static Route Entry	Fills in corresponding information to add new entries to the static routing tablet
Mode	Choose Gateway Mode if you want PCs in the LAN to visit external network, otherwise choose Router Mode
RIPv1 & v2	Choose Disable to disable dynamic routing or other options to configure the interfaces for dynamic routing
Telnet Setting	This option is only available when dynamic routing is enabled. It allows you to make detailed configurations via simple comments. <pre> c:\ Telnet 192.168.10.1 % Command incomplete. Hello, this is zebra (version 0.94). Copyright 1996-2002 Kunihiro Ishiguro. [APR654978> enable Turn on privileged mode command exit Exit current mode and down to previous mode list Print command list ping send echo messages quit Exit current mode and down to previous mode show Show running system information telnet Open a telnet connection traceroute Trace route to destination </pre>



Routing Topography

5.2.3 System Tools Login Setting

You can change login name and password in page. The default login name and password are both **admin**.

System Tools --> Login Setting

Login settings.

Old Login Name:

Old Password:

New Login Name:

New Password:

Confirm New Password:

Web Protocol: HTTP HTTPS

Port:

Label	Description
Old Name	Type in current login name
Old Password	Type in current password
New Name	Enter a new login name. Acceptable characters contain '0-9', 'a-z', 'A-Z' and the length must be 1 to 15 characters. An empty name is not acceptable.
New Password	Enter a new login password. Acceptable characters contain '0-9', 'a-z', 'A-Z' and the length must be 0 to 15 characters.
Confirm New Password	Retype the new password to confirm it.
Web Protocol	Choose a web management page protocol from HTTP and HTTPS . HTTPS (HTTP over SSL) encrypts data sent and received over the Web. Choose HTTPS if you want a secure connection.
Port	Choose a web management page port number. For HTTP, default port is 80. For HTTPS, default port is 443.

Router Restart

This page allows you to configure restart settings for the router.

Label	Description
Restart Now	Click to restart the router via warm reset
Scheduling	Enable: check to activate the setting Restart at: specify the time for resetting the router. You can configure the action to be performed periodically.

Firmware Upgrade

ORing launches new firmware constantly to enhance router performance and functions. To upgrade firmware, download new firmware from ORing's website to your PC and install it via

Web upgrade. Make sure the firmware file matches the model of your router. It will take several minutes to upload and update the firmware. After upgrade completes successfully, reboot the router.



During firmware upgrading, do not turn off the power of the router or press the reset button.

Save/Restore Configurations

This page allows you to save configurations or return settings to previous status. You can download the configuration file from the Web. Note: users using old versions of Internet Explorer may have to click on the warning on top of the browser and choose Download File.



Label	Description
Save	Click to save existing configurations as a file for future usage.
Select File	You can restore configurations to previous status by installing a previous configuration file. To do this, choose Web Restore or Tftp Restore . If you choose Web Restore , you need to choose a file and click Web Restore . If you select Tftp Restore , fill in a Tftp server IP address and the file name before clicking Tftp Restore .
Restore Factory Default Setting	Click to reset the router to the factory settings. The router will reboot to validate the default settings.

Remote Management

The page allows you to configure remote management settings.

System Tools --> Remote Management

Set the Remote Management to access the Router web pages from WAN side.

Remote Management: Enable Disable

Management Port:

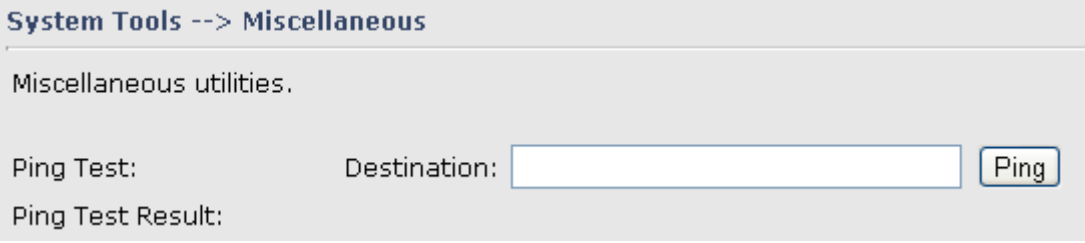
Permission: Any Host
 Host with IP address:
 Host within IP range: -

Allow Ping from WAN: Enable Disable

Label	Description
Remote Management	Enables or disables remote management function
Management Port	Enter the port number that will be open to outside access. This port must be used when you establish a remote connection.
Permission	You can grant remote access to specific users. Tick Any Host or enter a hostname or IP address if you only want a specific computer or device to be able to access the device.
Allow Ping from WAN	Click Enable to allow system administrator to ping the router from WAN interface

Miscellaneous

This page enables you to run ping test which will send out ping packets to test if a computer is on the Internet or if the WAN connection is OK. Enter a domain name or IP address in the destination box and click **Ping** to test.



System Tools --> Miscellaneous

Miscellaneous utilities.

Ping Test: Destination:

Ping Test Result:

Event Warning Setting

When an error occurs, the device will notify you through system log, and SNMP messages. You can configure the system to issue a notification when specific events occur by checking the box next to the event.

Syslog Server Settings

System Tools --> Even Warning Settings --> System Log

Syslog Server Settings

Syslog Server IP:

Syslog Server Port: (0 represents default)

Syslog Event Types

Device Event Notification	
Hardware Reset (Cold Start)	<input type="checkbox"/> Syslog
Software Reset (Warm Start)	<input type="checkbox"/> Syslog
Login Failed	<input type="checkbox"/> Syslog
WAN IP Address Changed	<input type="checkbox"/> Syslog
Password Changed	<input type="checkbox"/> Syslog
Eth Link Status Changed	<input type="checkbox"/> Syslog
SNMP Access Failed	<input type="checkbox"/> Syslog
Wireless Client Associated	<input type="checkbox"/> Syslog
Wireless Client Disassociated	<input type="checkbox"/> Syslog
Client Mode Associated	<input type="checkbox"/> Syslog
Client Mode Disassociated	<input type="checkbox"/> Syslog
Client Mode Roaming	<input type="checkbox"/> Syslog
Fault Event Notification	
Eth1 Link Down	<input type="checkbox"/> Syslog
Eth2 Link Down	<input type="checkbox"/> Syslog

Label	Description
Syslog Server IP	Enter the IP address of a remote server if you want the logs to be stored remotely. Leave it blank will disable remote syslog.
Syslog Server Port	Specifies the port to be logged remotely. Default port is 514.

E-Mail

System Tools --> Even Warning Settings --> E-mail

E-mail Server Settings

SMTP Server: (optional)

Server Port: (0 represents default)

E-mail Address 1:

E-mail Address 2:

E-mail Address 3:

E-mail Address 4:

E-mail Event Types

Device Event Notification	
Hardware Reset (Cold Start)	<input type="checkbox"/> SMTP Mail
Software Reset (Warm Start)	<input type="checkbox"/> SMTP Mail
Login Failed	<input type="checkbox"/> SMTP Mail
WAN IP Address Changed	<input type="checkbox"/> SMTP Mail
Password Changed	<input type="checkbox"/> SMTP Mail
Eth Link Status Changed	<input type="checkbox"/> SMTP Mail
SNMP Access Failed	<input type="checkbox"/> SMTP Mail
Wireless Client Associated	<input type="checkbox"/> SMTP Mail
Wireless Client Disassociated	<input type="checkbox"/> SMTP Mail
Client Mode Associated	<input type="checkbox"/> SMTP Mail
Client Mode Disassociated	<input type="checkbox"/> SMTP Mail
Client Mode Roaming	<input type="checkbox"/> SMTP Mail

Fault Event Notification	
Eth1 Link Down	<input type="checkbox"/> SMTP Mail
Eth2 Link Down	<input type="checkbox"/> SMTP Mail

Label	Description
SMTP Server	Enter a backup host to be used when the primary host is unavailable.
Server Port	Specifies the port where MTA can be contacted via SMTP server
E-mail Address 1-4	Enter the mail address that will receive notifications

SMS

System Tools --> Even Warning Settings --> SMS Log

SMS Settings

Cell Phone Number:

Send SMS Interval: (sec.)

SMS Send Event Types

Device Event Notification	
Hardware Reset (Cold Start)	<input type="checkbox"/> SMS Trap
Software Reset (Warm Start)	<input type="checkbox"/> SMS Trap
Login Failed	<input type="checkbox"/> SMS Trap
WAN IP Address Changed	<input type="checkbox"/> SMS Trap
Password Changed	<input type="checkbox"/> SMS Trap
Eth Link Status Changed	<input type="checkbox"/> SMS Trap
SNMP Access Failed	<input type="checkbox"/> SMS Trap
Wireless Client Associated	<input type="checkbox"/> SMS Trap
Wireless Client Disassociated	<input type="checkbox"/> SMS Trap
Client Mode Associated	<input type="checkbox"/> SMS Trap
Client Mode Disassociated	<input type="checkbox"/> SMS Trap
Client Mode Roaming	<input type="checkbox"/> SMS Trap
Fault Event Notification	
Eth1 Link Down	<input type="checkbox"/> SMS Trap
Eth2 Link Down	<input type="checkbox"/> SMS Trap

Label	Description
Cell Phone Number	Set Cell Phone Number.
Send SMS Interval	Set send interval

SNMP Settings

System Tools --> Even Warning Settings --> SNMP Settings

SNMP Settings

SNMP Agent: Enable Disable

SNMP Trap Server 1:

SNMP Trap Server 2:

SNMP Trap Server 3:

SNMP Trap Server 4:

Community:

SysLocation:

SysContact:

SNMP Event Types

Device Event Notification	
Hardware Reset (Cold Start)	<input type="checkbox"/> SNMP Trap
Software Reset (Warm Start)	<input type="checkbox"/> SNMP Trap
Login Failed	<input type="checkbox"/> SNMP Trap
WAN IP Address Changed	<input type="checkbox"/> SNMP Trap
Password Changed	<input type="checkbox"/> SNMP Trap
Eth Link Status Changed	<input type="checkbox"/> SNMP Trap
SNMP Access Failed	<input type="checkbox"/> SNMP Trap
Wireless Client Associated	<input type="checkbox"/> SNMP Trap
Wireless Client Disassociated	<input type="checkbox"/> SNMP Trap
Client Mode Associated	<input type="checkbox"/> SNMP Trap
Client Mode Disassociated	<input type="checkbox"/> SNMP Trap
Client Mode Roaming	<input type="checkbox"/> SNMP Trap

Fault Event Notification	
Eth1 Link Down	<input type="checkbox"/> SNMP Trap
Eth2 Link Down	<input type="checkbox"/> SNMP Trap

Label	Description
SNMP Agent	SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) Agent is a service program that runs on the access point. The agent provides management information to the NMS by keeping track of various operational aspects of the AP system. You can enable or disable the function.

SNMP Trap Server 1-4	Enter the IP address of the SNMP server which will send out traps generated by the AP.
Community	Community is a password to establish trust between managers and agents. Normally, public is used for read-write community.
SysLocation	Specifies sysLocation string
SysContact	Specifies sysContact string

5.2.4 IOT Setting

IOT Agent

AWS

Agent: AWS ▼

AWS Server Setting

AWS Agent: Enable Disable

AWS Server:

AWS Port:

Client ID (DEVICEID):

Publish Topic:

Subscribe Topic:

Interval (ms):

WaitTime (ms):

Queue Count:

ca.crt:

client.crt:

client.key:

Agent Status: Disconnected

Subscribe Status: Fail

Label	Description
AWS Agent	Enable / Disable Agent
AWS Server	AWS Server URL or IP address
AWS port	AWS Server port number
Client ID (Device ID)	Client ID / Device ID on PaaS
Publish Topic	The topic to be publish on PaaS
Subscribe Topic	The topic to be subscribe on PaaS

Interval (MS)	Interval time of command to be send
Wait time (MS)	Waiting time before the timeout from server
Queue Count	Command to be sent in one MQTT packet.
CA Cert	Fill in the CA cert.
Client Cert	Fill in the Client certification
Client Key	Fill in the Client Key
Agent Status	Agent connect/ disconnection status
Subscribe Status	Subscribe pass / fail status

MQTT

System Tools --> IOT Setting -> IOT Agent

Agent: MQTT

IOT Server Setting

IOT Agent: Enable Disable

IOT Server:

Client ID (DEVICEID):

User:

Password:

Publish Topic:

Subscribe Topic:

Interval (ms):

WaitTime (ms):

Queue Count:

Agent Status: Disconnected

Subscribe Status: Fail

Label	Description
IOT Agent	Enable / Disable Agent
IOT Server	IOT Server URL or IP address
Client ID (Device ID)	Client ID / Device ID on PaaS
Publish Topic	The topic to be publish on PaaS
Subscribe Topic	The topic to be subscribe on PaaS
Interval (MS)	Interval time of command to be send
Wait time (MS)	Waiting time before the timeout from server
Queue Count	Command to be sent in one MQTT packet.
Agent Status	Agent connect/ disconnection status
Subscribe Status	Subscribe pass / fail status

IOT Agent

System Tools --> IOT Setting -> IOT Agent

Agent: COAP ▾

Coap Setting

Coap Agent: Enable Disable

Coap Server:

Coap Port:

API Key (APIKEY):

Client ID (DEVICEID):

Publish Topic:

Subscribe Topic:

Interval (ms):

Subscribe Poll (ms):

WaitTime (ms):

Queue Count:

Apply Save Log View Agent Log

Label	Description
Coap Agent	Enable / Disable Agent
Coap Server	Coap Server URL or IP address
Coap port	Coap Server port number
API Key (APIKEY)	Coap Server Key
Client ID (Device ID)	Client ID / Device ID on PaaS
Publish Topic	The topic to be publish on PaaS
Subscribe Topic	The topic to be subscribe on PaaS
Interval (MS)	Interval time of command to be send
Subscribe Poll (ms)	Subscribe polling time
Wait time (MS)	Waiting time before the timeout from server
Queue Count	Command to be sent in one MQTT packet.

IOT CMD

System Tools --> IOT Setting --> IOT CMD

Field Setting

Type: RTU ▾

Device ID:

Function Code: 01 Coil Status ▾

Address Start:

Data Length:

Field Name:

IP:

Port:

Trigger: none

Preload: none

Verify: 0 Always ▾

Threshold:

Datatype: 0 Raw ▾

Subscribe: Enable

Poll: Enable

Save File:

Upload File: 未選擇任何檔案

Label	Description
Type	RTU / ASCII / TCP / Raw / Custom
Device ID	Device ID to be read
Function Code	Function code to be read
Address Start	Reading Address
Data length	Data length of the reading address
Field Name	Field name on PaaS
IP	Device IP address
Port	Device Port
Trigger	Field name to be trigger with exist Modbus field
Preload	Preload Field name which the data is include in specific field
Verify	Verify the data receive with Threshold before read
Threshold	Values to be compare with the data receive.
Datatype	Received Data type Raw / integer / Float SP / Dummy
Subscribe	Enable Subscribe
Poll	Enable Polling
Save file	Backup Modbus field to PC
Upload file.	Restore the Modbus field from file

IOT Status

System Tools --> IOT Setting -> IOT Status

IOT Status:

#	Field Name	Query Value	Query Count
---	------------	-------------	-------------

The IOT status will be display in this page including Field name , value and query count.

5.2.5 System Status

System Info

This page displays the detailed information of the router including model name, description, firmware version, WAN, LAN and wireless settings.

System Status --> System Info

System Info.

Model:	IAR-142-4G	
Model Description:	Industrial IEEE 802.11 b/g/n 4G Cellular Router with 2x10/100Base-T(X)	
WAN:	Mode	Dynamic Setting
	IP Address	192.168.2.212
	Broadcast Address	192.168.2.255
	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
	Default Gateway	192.168.2.1
	DNS(Primary)	192.168.2.6
	DNS(Secondary)	168.95.192.1
	MTU	1500
	MAC Address	00:1e:94:02:00:00
	LAN:	IP Address
Subnet Mask		255.255.255.0
MTU		1500
MAC Address		00:1e:94:01:ff:ff
DHCP Server		Enabled
Wireless:	Wireless	Enabled
	SSID	oring7620
	Channel	1
	Encryption Mode	WPAPSK/WPA2PSK

System Log

By checking in a specific box, the router will constantly log the events and provide the files for you to review. You can click **Refresh** to renew the page or **Clear Logs** to clear all or certain log entries.

System Status --> System Log

System log.

Log Option:

DHCP Server
 NTP Client
 System Event
 Firewall
 PPPoE Client

Boot Message
 PPTP VPN
 UPNP
 Modem
 OpenVpn

System Log:

#	Date Time	Item	Content

Traffic Statistics

This page displays network traffic statistics for packets both received and transmitted through Ethernet ports and wireless connections.

System Status --> Traffic Statistics

Traffic statistics.

Interface	Send	Receive
Wired LAN	83087 Bytes (481 Packets)	208989 Bytes (2368 Packets)
Wired WAN	1184365 Bytes (3204 Packets)	2175606 Bytes (22104 Packets)
Wireless LAN	1840 Bytes (10 Packets)	118657 Bytes (661 Packets)
Wireless WAN	0 Bytes (0 Packets)	0 Bytes (0 Packets)

Wireless Link List

This page displays the information of the wireless clients connected to the device, including their MAC address, data rate, and link types.

System Status --> Wireless Link List

List of connected wireless clients.

Mac Address
00:1e:94:01:c5:d1

ORing Industrial Networking Corp.

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Technical Specifications

ORing AP Router Model	IMG-4312-MN	IMG-4312+-MN
Physical Ports		
10/100 Base-T(X) Ports in RJ45 Auto MDI/MDIX	2	
PoE P.D. port		Present at ETH1 Fully compliant with IEEE 802.3af Power Device specification Over load & short circuit protection Isolation Voltage: 1000 VDC min. Isolation Resistance : 10 ⁸ ohms min
Sim Card Slot	1	
Cellular Interface		
Antenna Connector	2 x SMA Female	
Cellular Standard	LTE Cat-M1/Cat-NB1	
Download/Upload Rate	LTE Cat-M1:300 / 375 Kbps LTE Cat-NB1: 32 / 70 Kbps	
Band Option	LTE Cat-M1/Cat-NB1 : LTE FDD:B1/B2/B3/B4/B5/B8/B12/B13/B18/B19/B20/B26/B28 LTE Cat-M1 : LTE TDD :B39	
WLAN interface		
Antenna Connector	1 x Reverse SMA Female	
Modulation	IEEE802.11b: CCK/DQPSK/DBPSK IEEE802.11g: OFDM IEEE802.11n: BPSK, QPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM	
Frequency Band	America / FCC: 2.412~2.462 GHz (11 channels) Europe CE / ETSI: 2.412~2.472 GHz (13 channels)	
Transmission Rate	802.11b: 1/2/5.5/11 Mbps 802.11g: 6/9/12/18/24/36/48/54 Mbps 802.11n(40MHz): UP to 150 Mbps	
Transmit Power	802.11b: 13.5dBm ±1.5dBm 802.11g: 13.5dBm ±1.5dBm 802.11n(2.4G@20MHz): 13.5dBm ±1.5dBm 802.11n(2.4G@40MHz): 13.5dBm ±1.5dBm	
Receiver Sensitivity	802.11b: -90dBm ±2dBm@1Mbps 802.11g: -72dBm ±2dBm@54Mbps 802.11n(2.4G@40MHz,MCS7): -68dBm ±2dBm	
Encryption	WEP: (64-bit ,128-bit key supported)	

Security	WPA/WPA2 :802.11i(WEP and AES encryption) WPA-PSK (256-bit key pre-shared key supported) 802.1X Authentication supported TKIP encryption	
Wireless Security	SSID broadcast disable	
Serial Ports		
Connector	DB9 x 1	
Operation Mode	RS-232/422/485	
Serial Baud Rate	110 bps to 460.8 Kbps	
Data Bits	7, 8	
Parity	odd, even, none, mark, space	
Stop Bits	1, 1.5, 2	
RS-232	TxD, RxD, RTS, CTS, DTR, DSR, DCD, RI, GND	
Flow Control	XON/XOFF, RTS/CTS, DTR/DSR	
LED indicators		
Power indicator	3 x LEDs, PWR1(2)(PoE) / Ready: Green On: Power is on and functioning Normally.	
10/100T RJ45 port indicator	2 x LEDs, Green for port Link/Act at 100Mbps.	
Serial TX / RX LEDs:	Red: Serial port is receiving data Green: Serial port is transmitting data	
WLAN LEDs	1 x LED, Green blinking: WLAN Link /ACT	
WAN LEDs	1 x LED, Green blinking : Power is on and functioning Normal	
Power		
Redundant Input power	Dual DC inputs. 12-48VDC (0.5A) on 4-pin terminal block PoE input : 48 V dc, 0.27 A	
Power consumption	3 Watts	3.5 Watts
Overload current protection	Present	
Reverse polarity protection	Present	
Physical Characteristic		
Enclosure	IP-30	
Dimension (W x D x H)	45(W)x80.6(D)x95(H) mm	
Weight (g)	368g	372g
Environmental		
Storage Temperature	-40 to 85oC (-40 to 185°F)	
Operating Temperature	-10 to 60°C (14 to 140°F)	
Operating Humidity	5% to 95% Non-condensing	
Regulatory approvals		
EMI	FCC Part 15, CISPR (EN55022) class A	

EMS	EN61000-4-2 (ESD), EN61000-4-3 (RS), EN61000-4-4 (EFT), EN61000-4-5 (Surge), EN61000-4-6 (CS), EN61000-4-8, EN61000-4-11
Shock	IEC60068-2-27
Free Fall	IEC60068-2-31
Vibration	IEC60068-2-6
Safety	EN60950-1, EN 60079-0:2012+A11:2013, EN 60079-15:2010
Warranty	3 years

Compliance

FCC Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) this device may not cause harmful interference and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

RF exposure warning: The equipment complies with RF exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. The antenna(s) used for this transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

You are cautioned that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void your authority to operate the equipment. This device should be operated with minimum distance 20cm between the device and all persons. Operations in the 5.15-5.25GHz band are restricted to indoor usage only.

Industry Canada Statement

This device complies with Industry Canada licence-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes : (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

Industry Canada - Class B This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus as set out in the interference-causing equipment standard entitled "Digital Apparatus," ICES-003 of Industry Canada.

Cet appareil numérique respecte les limites de bruits radioélectriques applicables aux appareils numériques de Classe B prescrites dans la norme sur le matériel brouilleur: "Appareils Numériques," NMB-003 édictée par l'Industrie.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference,
and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

L'opération est soumise aux deux conditions suivantes: (1) cet appareil ne peut causer d'interférences, et (2) cet appareil doit accepter toute interférence, y compris celles susceptibles de provoquer fonctionnement du dispositif.

To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be so chosen that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is not more than that permitted for successful communication.

Afin de réduire les interférences radio potentielles pour les autres utilisateurs, le type d'antenne et son gain doivent être choisis que la puissance isotrope rayonnée équivalente (PIRE) est pas plus que celle permise pour une communication réussie

RF exposure warning: The equipment complies with RF exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. The antenna(s) used for this transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Avertissement d'exposition RF: L'équipement est conforme aux limites d'exposition aux RF établies pour un incontrôlé environnement. L'antenne (s) utilisée pour ce transmetteur ne doit pas être co-localisés ou fonctionner en conjonction avec toute autre antenne ou transmetteur.

ATEX information

ATEX License Number DEMKO 16 ATEX 1701X

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